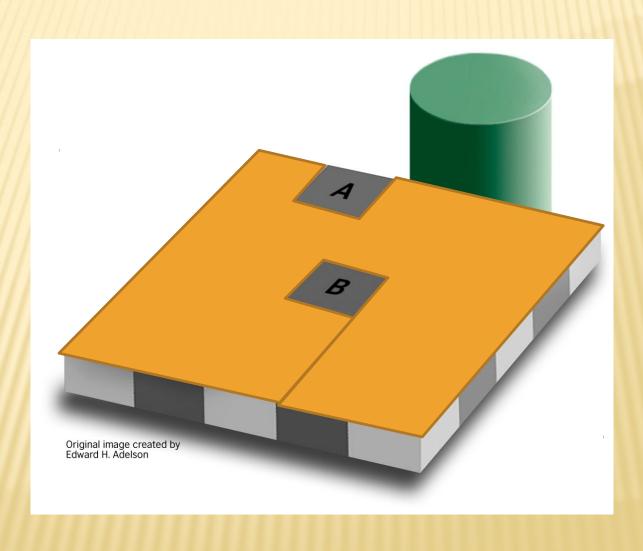
What they are and why they matter (also) in software development

COGNITIVE BIASES

COGNITIVE BIASES

- Systematic deviations from standard rationality or good judgment committed by our cognition.
- Predictable irrationality

AN EXAMPLE



ANOTHER EXAMPLE

- John has to drive 100 km to go to visit his girlfriend
- He drives from home to his girlfriend at an average of 100 Km/h
- Coming back, John drives at an average of 50Km/h
- What is John's average speed?
- A 77,7 km/h
 B 75 km/h
 C 66,6 km/h

OUR BRAIN CAN TRICK US

- * The human brain makes operations which solve cognitive tasks through 'shortcuts', that work well on some cases but fail in others.
- * The cognitive modules that make those tasks are universals in the human species, how and where those shortcuts lead to mistakes are also regular.

OUR BRAIN CAN TRICK US

- We do not think "well"
- We do not think enough
- * A **heuristic** is a quick, intuitive strategy for reasoning or decision making, as opposed to more formal methods.

LIST OF COMMON BIASES AFFECTING SW DEV

- Survivor(ship) bias
- * Ambiguity effect
- Confirmation bias
- Attentional bias
- Hindsight Bias
- Conjunction fallacy
- Status quo bias
- Sunk cost fallacy
- Literature documents about 100 biases

SURVIVORSHIP BIAS

- You should focus on the successful if you wish to become successful.
- When failure becomes invisible, the difference between failure and success may also become invisible

SURVIVORSHIP BIAS

- Focus on the problem reports may distract from the problems that steer away users from our software
- * Abraham Wald



+ (Hungarian: *Wald Ábrahám*, October 31, 1902 – December 13, 1950)

AMBIGUITY EFFECT

- Tendency to avoid options for which missing information makes the probability seem "unknown."
- * If the only tool you have is a hammer, it is tempting to treat everything as if it were a nail.

AMBIGUITY EFFECT

Do we always take the time to choose the best language/framework/tool for the job?

Who has not written from scratch a class/library even if there is one available that could serve the purpose?

CONFIRMATION BIAS

- Defined as the tendency of people to verify their hypotheses rather than refuting them.
- Due to the tendency towards positive tests, most of the software defects remain undetected, which in turn leads to an increase in software defect density.

* A little test

CONFIRMATION BIAS EXPERIMENT

- You are asked to reverse engineer a protocol
- The protocol consist of a sequence of integer numbers
- The first reading is:

2 4 6

You are asked to provide me other sequences to verify your understanding of the protocol

CONFIRMATION BIAS EXPERIMENT

- Well the protocol is:
 - + The sequence must not decrement

Most of the people propose only sequences that are meant to confirm their assumptions

ATTENTIONAL BIAS

Tendency to pay attention to emotionally dominant stimuli in one's environment and to neglect relevant data when making judgments of a correlation or association.

ATTENTIONAL BIAS

Developers show the prototype of a GUI, the customers expect that the product is almost ready

HINDSIGHT BIAS

- Once you know something it seems obvious
- People underestimate how much new information affect them
- Once a bug is solved the solution looks most of the times trivial
- * This leads us to systematically underestimate the time we will need to fix the next bug...

CONJUNCTION FALLACY

- The tendency to assume that specific conditions are more probable than general ones.
- * A little test...

CONJUNCTION FALLACY TEST

- Last test cycle highlighted that 80 of the bugs where introduced by Ioannis
- Ioannis has in the meanwhile coded other three modules D E and G
- Is it more probable that:
 - + There will be bugs in all three modules
 - + There will be bugs in two of the three modules
 - + There will be bugs in one of the three modules

STATUS QUO BIAS

People tend to prefer the current status/baseline over a new one

This affects managers, developers and even the users

Loss aversion, Omission bias

STATUS QUO BIAS

- Why the users do not use the latest version of my software?
- Changing team composition is going to affect negatively the team's productivity

SUNK COST FALLACY (AKA "THE CONCORDE FALLACY")

* The more you invest in something the harder it becomes to abandon it.

WHAT CAN WE DO

- * Awareness of the bias has no effect
- * Actually **smart** people tend to be more biased than others

CONCLUSION, LAST BIAS

- Bias blind spot
- * the tendency to see oneself as less biased than other people, or to be able to identify more cognitive biases in others than in oneself.
- That's why I am warning you about these biases
- Because I am not affected by any of them