Questions

1 What are the three components that make up a starter motor? 1
2
3
2 Put the numbers below in their proper location in Figure 22.3 When the starter motor is first activated, why does the armature first
start to turn slowly?
2
3
4
5
7 6 1 Driving direction
2 Butting edge
3 Coil spring
4 Roller
5 Freewheel ring 6 Pinion axis
7 Pinion
Fig. 21 Freewheel Clutch
Fig. 22
1 Activation coil
2 Engagement coil
3 Contact bridge
4 Field winding
5 Carbon brush
6 Collector
7 Armature 8 Pole shoe
9 Freewheel clutch
10 Pinion
11 Starter gear ring
12 Coupling lever
Starter Systems
22
Theory
4 What is the role of the freewheel clutch?
5 Look at Figure 23. The starter relay used:
A Is a circuit breaker relay
B Switches current on
C Has two activation coils
D Has an activation coil and a field coil
6 Look at Figure 23. During start-up:
A The current flowing through the activation coil is lower than the
current flowing through the holding coil
B The current flowing through the holding coil is greater than the
current flowing through the field coil
C The current flowing through the activation coil is equal to the current
flowing through the armature
D The current flowing through the activation coil is smaller that the

current flowing through the field coil

7 Look at Figure 23. There is a broken wire at A. This results in the following:

A The pinion is not inserted into the starter gear ring

B The start-up number of revolutions is halved

C The contact strip is not able to connect to the switch contacts

D The current flowing through the activation coil remains switched on after the pinion has been inserted into the starter gear ring

Fig. 23

A Relay core